if the eligible survivor elects to have it not apply.

(c) An election by the survivor to decline the deemed election must be in writing and filed no later than 30 days after the employing agency notifies the survivor of the right to decline the deemed election.

### Subpart C—Procedures for Elections Under the Retroactive Provisions

#### §847.301 Purpose and scope.

This subpart establishes the procedures applicable to elections section 1043(c)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996.

#### §847.302 Notice of election rights.

The employing agency must provide notice to all eligible employees of the opportunity to elect to continue retirement coverage under subpart D of this part. Failure to provide notice to the employee is justification for waiving the time limit under §847.304.

## §847.303 Election forms.

- (a) Eligible employees may make an election under subpart D of this part on a form prescribed by OPM and filed with the employing agency.
- (b) For elections of retirement coverage under subpart D of this part, the election form will require that the employee obtain a certification from his or her previous retirement system showing dates of service, amounts transferable from the previous retirement system to the elected retirement system under subpart E of this part, and that the employee became vested in the retirement system. If an employee was covered by more than one retirement system, he or she must obtain certification from each retirement system.

#### §847.304 Time limit.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, the time limit for making an election under subpart D of this part is August 11, 1997.
- (b) Because Public Law 104-106 requires that eligible employees receive timely notice of the opportunity to make the election under subpart D of

this part, and that employees must be counselled concerning the election opportunity, the employing agency must waive the time limit in paragraph (a) of this section in the event that an employee did not receive such notice or counselling.

#### §847.305 Basic records.

- (a) Agencies must establish and maintain retirement accounts for employees subject to CSRS or FERS in the manner prescribed by OPM.
- (b) The individual retirement record (Standard Form 2806 for CSRS, or Standard Form 3100 for FERS) is the basic record for action on all claims for annuity or refund, and those pertaining to deceased employees and annuitants.

## Subpart D—Elections of Coverage Under the Retroactive Provisions

GENERAL PROVISIONS

## §847.401 Purpose and scope.

This subpart contains OPM's regulations concerning the types of elections available, the eligibility requirements for each type of election, the effects of an election on CSRS and FERS coverage during future employment, and the effective dates of CSRS and FERS coverage applicable to retroactive retirement coverage and credit elections under section 1043(c)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996.

# §847.402 Definition of qualifying move.

- (a) A qualifying move occurring after December 31, 1965, and before August 10, 1996, which would allow an employee the opportunity to elect to continue retirement coverage under CSRS or FERS retroactive to the date of the move must meet all the following criteria:
- (1)(i) For moves occurring before February 10, 1996, the employee must not have had a prior opportunity to elect to continue CSRS, FERS, or NAFI retirement coverage under \$847.202(e) or (f):
- (ii) For moves occurring on or after February 10, 1996, the employee must not have made an election under §847.202(e) or (f);

#### §847.411

- (2) The employee must have been vested in CSRS or FERS prior to the move to a NAFI;
- (3) The employee must have moved from a position covered by CSRS or FERS to a retirement-covered position in a NAFI:
- (4) The employee must have begun employment in a retirement-covered position in a NAFI no later than 1 year after separation from CSRS- or FERScovered employment; and
- (5) The employee must, since moving to the NAFI position, have continuously participated in a retirement system established for NAFI employees, disregarding any break in service of not more than 3 days.
- (b) A qualifying move occurring after December 31, 1965, and before August 10, 1996, which would allow an employee the opportunity to elect to continue retirement coverage under a NAFI retirement system retroactive to the date of the qualifying move must meet all the following criteria:
- (1)(i) For moves occurring before February 10, 1996, the employee must not have had a prior opportunity to elect to continue CSRS, FERS, or NAFI retirement coverage under \$847.202(e) or (f);
- (ii) For moves occurring on or after February 10, 1996, the employee must not have made an election under §847.202(e) or (f);
- (2) The employee must have been a vested participant in the NAFI retirement system (as the term "vested participant" is defined by that retirement system) prior to the move to a FERS-covered position;
- (3) The employee must have moved from a NAFI to a civil service position subject to FERS coverage or CSRS/SS coverage, as defined in §846.102 of this chapter, followed by the employee's automatic conversion to FERS coverage;
- (4) The employee must have been appointed to a FERS-covered position no later than 1 year after separation from retirement-covered NAFI employment; and
- (5) The employee must, since moving to the FERS position, have been continuously covered by FERS, disregarding any break in service of not more than 3 days.

- (c) A move from a NAFI to CSRS, including CSRS/SS as defined under §846.102 of this chapter followed by an election of FERS coverage under §846.201 of this chapter, is not a qualifying move for an election of retirement coverage under §847.431 (pertaining to elections of NAFI service credit for FERS service) and §847.441 (pertaining to elections of NAFI retirement coverage).
- (d) A qualifying move under paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section is considered to occur on the date the individual entered into the new position, not at the time of separation from the prior position.

[61 FR 41721, Aug. 9, 1996, as amended at 68 FR 2180, Jan. 16, 2003]

ELECTIONS OF CSRS OR FERS COVERAGE BASED ON A MOVE FROM CSRS OR FERS TO NAFI

## §847.411 Election requirements.

- (a) An employee who completed a qualifying move under §847.402(a) may elect to be covered by CSRS, if the qualifying move was from a CSRS-covered position, or FERS, if the qualifying move was from a FERS-covered position, for all Federal service following the qualifying move. Employees who elect to be covered by CSRS will be prospectively covered by the CSRS Offset provisions set out in subpart J of part 831 of this chapter.
- (b) A survivor eligible for benefits under the NAFI retirement system which covered an employee at the time of death may make an election under this section if the employee was otherwise eligible to make an election, but died before expiration of the time limit under §847.304.

## §847.412 Elections of FERS instead of CSRS.

- (a) An employee who elects CSRS coverage under §847.411(a) may, during the 6-month period beginning on the date the election under §847.411(a) is filed with the employing agency, elect to become subject to FERS.
- (b) An election of FERS under this section is subject to the provisions of part 846 of this subchapter and takes effect on the first day of the first pay